

A BRIEF HISTORY OF EVENTS THAT HAVE GOTTEN PAKISTAN'S



1962

National Investment Trust Limited established. National Investment Trust launched its first open-end mutual fund in Pakistan on November 12, 1962.

1996

First meeting of investment advisors/asset management companies held for the establishment of Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP).

2002 Government sold the

Coventment solu the management rights of closed-end ICP mutual funds, through open bidding to private sector asset management companies. Lot-A comprising 12 funds was acquired by ABAMCO, now JSIL, whereas Lot-B comprising 13 funds was acquired by PICIC.

First fixed income securities fund (Pakistan Income Fund) was launched on March 11, 2002, and first open-end Shariah Compliant Fund (UTP -Islamic Fund now JS Islamic fund) was launched in December 27, 2002.

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Investment Corporation of Pakistan (ICP) established to broaden investment base and develop capital markets in the country. From 1966 onwards, ICP floated twenty-six closed-end mutual funds.

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Investment Companies and Investment Advisers Rules were notified. Private sector was allowed to float closed-end funds under these Rules.

1983 First closed-end fund

(Golden Arrow Selected Stock Fund) in the private sector was launched on May 01, 1983.

1995

Asset Management Companies Rules were notified allowing launching of open-end funds by the private sector.

1997

Unit Trust of Pakistan, first private sector open-end fund launched by JS Investments Limited (formerly ABAMCO Limited) on October 27, 1997.

2003

Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) Rules, 2003 were notified, terminating the previously applicable Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995



1999 SECP was establised

under the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act 1997 and became functional as a body corporate on January 1, 1999. SECP replaced the Corporate Law Authority.

and Investment Companies and Investment Adviser (IA) Rules, 1971. NBFC Rules, enabled both closed-end and open-end funds to be governed under same rules and removed many anomalies.

NBFC Rules also allowed closed-end funds to be established under trust structure in addition to comapny structure.

The management rights of ICP State Enterprise Mutual Fund (SEMF) were sold through open bidding. This was acquired by PICIC.

2000 National Savings

National Savings Scheme revisted; rate of return was reduced, income from NSS was subjected to income tax and limit was placed on institutional investment. This helped the mutual fund industry grow.

SECP gave more asset management companies' licenses. These were Arif Habib Investment, AL-Meezan Investment and UBL Funds.

2004 MUFAP secures membership of

membership of International Investment Funds Association (IFFA).

2001 MUFAP officially

registered and recognised as representative body of asset management companies in the country.

2005 Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 were notified.

2007 SECP issued licenses to

four Pension Fund Managers to launch individualized pension schemes. To date five more licenses were issued raising the number of pension fund managers to nine.

MUFAP hosts 12th Asia Oceania Regional Meeting of IIFA, attended by heads of respective associations of Japan, Australia, Philippines, Taiwan, China, Hong Kong, Bangladesh and India.



ASSET MANAGEMENT INDUSTRY TO WHERE IT IS TODAY



2008

Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFC) & Notified Entities (NE) Regulations, 2008 was notified.

2013

"Commodity SCheme" as a new asset class/category for Collective Investment Schemes. Investments in commodities were also allowed in Balanced and Asset Allocation funds. Subsequently, a new sub-fund for voluntary pension schemes 'gold sub-fund' was also launched.

Four Closed-end funds were converted to Open-end and five closed-end funds were converted / wound up in the following year as per the Regulation 65.

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MUFAP developed a model for TFC pricing, based on various factors, like rating, maturity and rate of profit. The pricing methodology was implemented after SECP approval.

SECP in consultation with MUFAP introduced the proper catagorization of funds through Circular 7 of 2009 where investment avenues are defined for each category in terms of their risk profile.

Subsequently, Money Market Funds were introduced, designed to manage short term liquidity and are considered to be the least risky amongst the different types of mutual funds.

2014 SECP issues

Advertisement Guidelines for all forms of advertisements by collective investment schemes.

Cash Distribution made mandatory by Government for Mutual Funds.

2010

MUFAP and Karachi Stock Exchange worked together to launch Bond Automated Trading System (BATS) for trading of Corporate Debt Securities.

Performance in respect of retun of all mutual funds and pension funds was added as new feature on MUFAP's website. The daily return, as well retrun for various periods up to previous three hundred sixty five days are daily updated on MUFAP website.

MUFAP started printing YearBook and quarterly Newsletter. These Publications include important information about industy, including ten years' data and industy's issues.

2015

SECP issued amendments in NBFC Rules & Regulations. MUFAP provided comments and recommendations after comprehensive review.

First REIT Fund was launched in June.

SECP issued Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015.

2011

MUFAP in consulation with its members, developed and submitted a Five year Comprehensive Plan for the development of Mutual Funds to SECP.

MUFAP sucessfully launched a public awareness campaign to educate the investors about benefits of money market funds.

SECP mandated Distributors of Mutual Fund to register with MUFAP as Registered Service Providers.

Through the amendments in the Finance Act 2015, Mutual funds and collective investment schemes including National Investment (Unit) Trust or REIT Scheme, have been excluded from the definition of 'industrial establishment' subject to Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) under the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWFO).

2012

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MUFAP issues Code of Conduct and Qualification for Registered Service Providers.

SECP issues directive which included restricting Management Fee sharing with Unit Holders providing a fit and proper criteria.

SECP issues Debt Trustee Regulations, 2012.

SECP approves regulations for Exchange Traded Funds.

